

Ключи

Артикль

1. 1. —, the; 2. —, the, —; 3. the, the; 4. the, —; 5. the; 6. the; 7. the.

2. 1. the second, the first; 2. the first, the third; 3. the third, the fifth; 4. the second, the seventh; 5. the first, the ninth; 6. the third, the eleventh.

3. (1) —, (2) —, (3) —, (4) —, (5) the, (6) The, (7) —, (8) —, (9) The, (10) —, (11) —, (12) The, (13) —, (14) —.

4. (1) —, (2) —, (3) —, (4) The, (5) —, (6) the, (7) —, (8) —, (9) The, (10) —, (11) —, (12) the, (13) —, (14) —.

5. 1. —, the; 2. —; 3. the, —, —; 4. —; 5. —, —; 6. —; 7. —; 8. the; 9. —.

6. (1) —, (2) —, (3) —, (4) —, (5) the, (6) —, (7) —, (8) —, (9) —, (10) —, (11) —, (12) —, (13) —, (14) —, (15) —, (16) —, (17) —, (18) —, (19) —, (20) —, (21) —, (22) the, (23) —, (24) —.

Проверьте себя!

1. 1. —, the; 2. the, —, —; 3. —, —; 4. —, —, the; 5. The, —; 6. the, the.

2. 1. the, the; 2. —, the, —; 3. —, the, the; 4. —; 5. the, —, —; 6. the, —; 7. —, —, —; 8. —, —; 9. —; 10. —; 11. —, the; 12. —;

13. —, —; 14. —; 15. —; 16. —; 17. an, —;
18. a, a, —, —; 19. a, the; 20. —, a, a, a;
21. —, —, a; 22. The, —.

Имя прилагательное

1. Our family travels a lot. Every summer we go to **different** places. Last summer we went to Africa. We had a **wonderful/fantastic/nice** time there. We enjoyed the **sunny/warm** weather and swam in the **warm** sea. We saw **tall** giraffes and **big** elephants there. There was an **interesting** moment when I fed a **funny** monkey. I brought many **wonderful/fantastic/nice** gifts for my friends. I enjoyed this **wonderful/fantastic/nice** trip.

2. 1. We had a nice time there. 2. We made a wonderful trip to Walt Disney World. 3. We watched the famous Disney Stars Parade. 4. We saw our favourite Disney characters there. 5. My sisters liked the beautiful Cinderella's Castle. 6. I enjoyed the fantastic fireworks.

3. (1) tall; (2) long; (3) dark; (4) interesting; (5) favourite; (6) tall; (7) short; (8) dark; (9) new; (10) very; (11) good.

4. 1) (1) round; (2) fat; (3) black; (4) very; (5) nice.

2) (6) big; (7) tall; (8) too; (9) small; (10) too; (11) long.

3) (12) very; (13) fat; (14) very; (15) smart; (16) good.

Степени сравнения прилагательных

Сравнительная степень

5.

(A) Одно- сложные прилагательные	(B) Двусложные прилагательные, оканчиваю- щиеся на у	(C) Много- сложные прилагательные
<p><i>bigger</i> cooler cuter faster fatter huger larger longer kinder nicer shorter slower smaller smarter taller</p>	<p><i>fluffier</i> friendlier funnier furrer heavier merrier sillier</p>	<p><i>more</i> <i>dangerous</i> more beautiful more cheerful more evil more exotic more harmless more helpful</p>

6. 1) (1) heavier; (2) slower; (3) shorter; (4) faster; (5) taller; (6) heavier; (7) more beautiful; (8) bigger; (9) more dangerous; (10) longer; (11) smaller; (12) smarter; (13) funnier; (14) more cheerful.

6. 2) 1. (1) the elephant; 2. (4) the ostrich; 3. (6) the crocodile; 4. (10) the monkey.

Превосходная степень

7. 1. larger; 2. the most beautiful; 3. the most interesting; 4. the most famous; 5. colder; 6. the friendliest; 7. the most popular.

8. 1. the most cheerful; 2. the most helpful; 3. the smartest; 4. the bravest; 5. the most talented; 6. the friendliest.

9.

(A) Одно- сложные прилагательные	(B) Двусложные прилагательные, оканчивающиеся на у	(C) Много- сложные прилагательные
<i>the biggest</i> the coolest the cutest the fastest the fattest the greatest the largest the kindest the longest the oldest the slowest the smallest the smartest the tallest the youngest	<i>the fluffiest</i> the friendliest the funniest the furriest the heaviest the laziest the merriest the silliest the tidiest	<i>the most beautiful</i> the most cheerful the most dangerous the most evil the most exotic the most harmless the most helpful the most interesting the most joyful the most special

10. 1. better; 2. the best; 3. worse; 4. the worst; 5. worse; 6. less; 7. more, the most.

Проверьте себя!

(1) favourite; (2) smaller; (3) nice; (4) larger; (5) smaller; (6) the best; (7) the best; (8) the most wonderful; (9) exotic; (10) more; (11) the most fantastic.

Имя числительное

Порядковые числительные

1. 1. second; 2. four; 3. twelve; 4. third; 5. eighth, third; 6. thirty.

2. sixteenth, eighth, second, eleventh, twelfth, sixth, first, tenth, third, seventh, fifth, ninth, fourth, nineteenth.

3. (1) B — second; (2) C — third, (3) D — fourth; (4) E — fifth; (5) F — sixth; (6) G — seventh; (7) H — eighth; (8) I — ninth; (9) J — tenth; (10) K — eleventh; (11) L — twelfth; (12) M — thirteenth; (13) N — fourteenth; (14) O — fifteenth; (15) P — sixteenth; (16) Q — seventeenth; (17) R — eighteenth; (18) S — nineteenth; (19) T — twentieth; (20) U — twenty-first; (21) V — twenty-second; (22) W — twenty-third; (23) X — twenty-fourth; (24) Y — twenty-fifth; (25) Z — twenty-sixth.

4.

1st — <i>first</i>	16th — sixteenth
2nd — second	17th — seventeenth
3rd — third	18th — eighteenth
4th — fourth	19th — nineteenth
5th — fifth	20th — twentieth
6th — sixth	21st — twenty-first
7th — seventh	22nd — twenty-second
8th — eighth	30th — thirtieth
9th — ninth	44th — forty-fourth
10th — tenth	50th — fiftieth
11th — eleventh	66th — sixty-sixth
12th — twelfth	70th — seventieth
13th — thirteenth	80th — eightieth
14th — fourteenth	99th — ninety-ninth
15th — fifteenth	110th — one hundred and tenth

5. 1. four; 2. nine; 3. twenty-three; 4. forty;
5. two.

6. (1) on 18th January, 1882; (2) on 27th January, 1832; (3) on 23rd April, 1564; (4) on 31st July, 1965; (5) on 22nd May, 1859; (6) on 13th September, 1916; (7) on 30th December, 1865.

7. (1) The fourteenth of February. (2) The ninth of March. (3) The first of April. (4) The second Sunday in May. (5) The third Sunday in June.

- (6) The fourth of July. (7) The eighth of August.
 (8) The twelfth of September. (9) The thirty-first
 of October. (10) The fourth Thursday in November.
 (11) The twenty-fifth of December.

Проверьте себя!

1. (1) the twenty-first — U; (2) the thirteenth — M;
 (3) the fifth — E; (4) the eighteenth — R; (5) the
 first — A; (6) the twelfth — L; (7) the nineteenth —
 S = Numerals.

2.

3/04/1998 <i>3rd April, 1998</i>	<i>The third of April, nineteen ninety eight</i>
23/11/1950 23rd November, 1950	The twenty-third of No- vember, nineteen fifty
1/12/1801 1st December, 1801	The first of December, eighteen and one
2/05/2000 2nd May, 2000	The second of May, two thousand
12/07/2009 12th July, 2009	The twelfth of July, two thousand and nine
18/02/1967 18th February, 1967	The eighteenth of Febru- ary, nineteen sixty seven

Местоимения

Неопределённые местоимения

1. (1) any (2) any (3) no (4) some (5) any
(6) any (7) no

2. 1. There are some beautiful parks in my city.
2. Are there any rivers in New York? 3. There are three rivers in New York. 4. Are there any zoos in your city? 5. There are six zoos in New York. 6. Are there any museums near your house? 7. There are some museums near my house.

3. 1. Would you like some cake? Хотите торт/пирожное? 2. Have we got any milk? У нас есть молоко? 3. Can I have some sweets? Можно мне конфет? 4. Is there any meat in the fridge? Есть мясо в холодильнике? 5. Can we have some water? Можно нам воды? 6. Would you like some pizza? Хотите пиццу?

4. (1) some; (2) any; (3) any; (4) any; (5) some; (6) any; (7) some; (8) any; (9) some; (10) no; (11) some; (12) any; (13) some.

Проверьте себя!

1. (1) some; (2) some; (3) any; (4) any; (5) some; (6) some; (7) some; (8) any; (9) any; (10) no; (11) some; (12) some.

Глагол

Настоящее длительное время

Утвердительные предложения

1. 3) He is playing an important match at the moment. ✓ 4) Anya and Denis are playing tennis now. ✓ 5) They are taking part in the school competition. ✓ 7) Ann's brother is working hard now. ✓ 8) He is helping his grandparents in the garden. ✓

2. 1) is; 2) is; 3) are; 4) is; 5) is; 6) is; 7) are.

3. 1) are visiting; 2) is meeting; 3) is making; 4) are setting; 5) is cleaning; 6) is running; 7) is phoning; 8) is talking.

4. 1) We're listening. 2) I'm writing. 3) You're doing. 4) He's reading. 5) She's opening. 6) They're talking.

5. 1) Mum is making. 2) Dad is walking. 3) My sisters are helping. 4) Kate is washing. 5) Kelly is feeding. 6) They're waiting.

Отрицательные предложения

6. 1) Andy and Ann are not playing tennis. They are playing badminton. 2) Jack is not reading a book. He is playing with a ball. 3) Kate is not roller-skating. She is reading a book. 4) Kelly is not climbing a tree. She is roller-skating. 5) Lucy and Liz are not drinking water. They are running. 6) King is not sleeping. He is climbing a tree.

7. 1) Anya and Denis are not travelling in the USA. 2) They are not doing their homework now. 3) Anya is not swimming in the river at the moment. 4) Denis is not taking part in the competition now. 5) They are not working in the garden now.

Вопросительные предложения

Общие вопросы

8. B. Is Father washing the dishes now? No, he isn't. C. Is Father feeding the cat now? Yes, he is. D. Is Dan sweeping the floor now? No, he isn't. E. Is Kate playing the piano at the moment? No, she isn't. F. Is Kelly cleaning the room now? No, she isn't. G. Are Kate and Kelly setting the table now? Yes, they are. H. Are they preparing for Thanksgiving Day? Yes, they are.

9. 1. No, they are not. 2. Yes, she is. 3. Yes, he is. 4. Yes, they are. 5. No, he is not. 6. Yes, she is. 7. Yes, they are.

Специальные вопросы

10. 1 — A; 2 — B; 3 — E; 4 — G; 5 — F; 6 — D.

11. 1. Who is riding his bicycle? 2. Where are Ann and Alice sitting? 3. What game are the boys playing? 4. Who is climbing the tree? 5. What are the girls eating? 6. How many children are going on rides?

Present Simple — Present Progressive

12. (1) is reading; (2) reads; (3) is drinking; (4) drinks; (5) is making; (6) makes; (7) is setting; (8) am washing; (9) have; (10) starts; (11) go out.

13. (1) are visiting; (2) lives; (3) stay; (4) come; (5) visit; (6) is raining; (7) am writing; (8) are making; (9) are; (10) doing.

Проверьте себя!

1. A. 1) I am going to Kelly's birthday party.

B. 2) Hi, Dan! Are you taking part in the swimming competition?

3) No, I'm not. My classmates are taking part in this competition.

C. 4) You are not listening to me, Ann. What are you looking for?

5) Sorry! I'm looking for my Maths textbook.

D. 6) Do you like travelling?

7) Yes, I do. I travel with my family every summer.

Настоящее совершённое время

Утвердительные предложения

1. 1) Past Simple (V₂) Past Participle (V₃)

forgot	forgotten
made	made
went	gone
gave	given
had	had
came	come
took	taken

2)

Infinitive (V)	Past Simple (V ₂)	Past Participle (V ₃)	Translation
be	was/were	been	быть, находиться
take	took	taken	брать
grow	grew	grown	расти
run	ran	run	бегать
read	read	read	читать
break	broke	broken	ломать, разбивать

3) 1) ran, 2) took, 3) flew, 4) teach, 5) drew.

2. 1. F; 2. D; 3. G; 4. E; 5. A; 6. H; 7. C.

3. 1. She's burnt her cake. 2. They've cooked a big pizza. 3. He's broken a bottle of lemonade. 4. They've decorated the table. 5. They've made biscuits.

4. 1) have cleaned, 2) has watered, 3) have fed, 4) has swept, 5) has walked, 6) have repainted, 7) have decorated.

Отрицательные предложения

5. 1. They have not (haven't) flown a kite. 2. She has not (hasn't) taken part in a TV programme. 3. He has not (hasn't) visited Australia. 4. They have not (haven't) eaten African food. 5. He has not (hasn't) seen a huge giraffe. 6. They have not (haven't) swum with dolphins. 7. She has not (hasn't) been to New Zealand.

6. 1) Emma and Nora have tidied the room. 2) Ann has bought food for the dog. 3) Emma and Nora have not (haven't) done the homework. 4) Ann has visited Granny. 5) Emma and Nora have not (haven't) cleaned the cage. 6) Ann has not (hasn't) watered the flowers. 7) Emma and Nora have fed the hamster.

Вопросительные предложения

Общие вопросы

7. 1. Yes, she has. 2. No, I haven't. 3. Yes, he has. 4. No, they haven't. 5. No, we haven't. 6. Yes, she has.

8. 1. Have your parents changed the furniture? Yes, they have. 2. Have your grandparents planted the flowers? Yes, they have. 3. Has your dad bought a dog? No, he has not (hasn't). 4. Has your sister drawn new pictures? No, she has not (hasn't). 5. Has your brother decorated his bedroom? Yes, he has. 6. Have your parents painted the floor brown? Yes, they have. 7. Has your mum put new carpets on the floor? No, she has not (hasn't).

9. 1. has made, 2. bought, 3. has brought, 4. has drawn, 5. put.

10. 1) (Past Simple) cleaned; 2) (Present Perfect) has dusted; 3) (Past Simple) painted; 4) (Present Perfect) has decorated; 5) (Present Perfect) have brought; 6) (Present Perfect) have made; 7) (Present Perfect) has bought.

Проверьте себя!

1. 1) Your friends have visited the British Museum. 2) Has John done his homework? 3) Has Jane bought a new dress? 4) Ann has not forgotten to wash the dishes. 5) Have Nora's classmates been to Hyde Park? 6) Nick and Paul have played badminton in the playground. 7) Have Alex and his friends had a picnic by the river?

2. 1. My parents have bought a puppy for me. I am happy. 2. My friends travelled to Britain last summer. 3. Marry has broken her hand. Now she cannot (can't) play the piano. 4. Tom has not (hasn't) tidied his room. 5. My sister went to

Moscow in October. 6. We've done our homework. We may (can) go to the park. 7. Nora has lost her kitten. She is very sad.

Оборот to be going to

1. 1) am going to be; 2) are going to see; 3) is going to invite; 4) are going to take part; 5) are going to have.

2. 1) No, he isn't. He is not going to clean the school garden. He is going to clean the school zoo. 2) No, he isn't. He is not going to feed the animals. He is going to give water to the animals. 3) Yes, they are. They are going to decorate the classroom. 4) No, they aren't. They are not going to make cakes for the celebration. They are going to buy many gifts for the school.

3. 1) What is Dan going to do on holiday? 2) When is he going to meet Ann at the airport? 3) What are they going to do on Saturday? 4) Where are Ann and Dan going to walk on Sunday? 5) What photos is Ann going to take?

Future Simple — Оборот to be going to

4. 1) will; 2) am going to; 3) will; 4) will; 5) is going to; 6) will.

5. 1) is going to; 2) are going to; 3) will; 4) will; 5) are going to; 6) will; 7) is going to.

Проверьте себя!

1. (1) are you going to do; (2) are not going to stay; (3) are going to stay; (4) are going to visit; (5) are going to travel; (6) are not going to fly; (7) are going to take; (8) am going to visit; (9) is going to learn; (10) are going to fly; (11) is going to be.

2. 1. are going to; 2. am going to; 3. Will; 4. am going to; 5. is going to; 6. will.

Повелительное наклонение

1.

<i>Приказ</i>	
<u>Get up!</u> (1) <i>Sit down!</i> <u>Turn off the computer.</u>	(0) <u><i>Вставай!</i></u> <u>Садитесь!</u> (2) <i>Выключи компьютер.</i>
<i>Совет</i>	
(3) <i>Don't worry!</i> Put on the coat.	<u>Не волнуйтесь!</u> (4) <i>Надень пальто.</i>
<i>Указание</i>	
Go straight on. (6) <i>Turn right.</i>	(5) <i>Идите прямо.</i> Поверните направо.

Предупреждение

Be careful.
(8) *Don't be late for school!*

(7) *Будь внимателен.*
Не опоздай в школу!

Просьба

Help me, please.
(10) *Please don't be late.*

(9) *Помогите мне, пожалуйста.*
Пожалуйста, не опаздывайте.

Предложение

Let's walk.
(12) *Have some more milk.*

(11) *Пойдём погуляем.*
Выпей ещё молока.

2. 1. Wash, clean. 2. Have, go. 3. Hurry, be. 4. Help. 5. Don't forget. 6. Feed, walk. 7. Do. 8. Don't forget. 9. Go, answer. 10. Don't go. Ann's father.

3. 1. Don't open your book. Close it. 2. Don't go across the street. Go straight on. 3. Turn right! Don't turn left. 4. Don't go home! Go to school! 5. Don't work hard! Have a rest.

4. 1. Don't forget your lunchbox, Dan. 2. Kevin, let's ride a bicycle after school. 3. Jack, don't sleep now! 4. Give me some water, please. 5. Always be friendly! 6. Never forget to feed the hamster. 7. Don't worry and have fun!

5. 1. I will. 2. I won't. 3. I won't. 4. I won't.
5. I will! 6. I will. 7. I will!

Проверьте себя!

1. 1. Wash. 2. Clean. 3. Open. 4. Don't go.
5. Let's go. 6. Don't be. 7. Get up! 8. wash.
9. Clean. 10. feed/walk. 11. Read. 12. be. 13. Let's.
14. Don't forget. 15. Help. 16. do. 17. Have.
18. bring.

Безличные предложения

1. 1. It's rainy. 2. It's windy. 3. It's foggy.
4. It's snowy. 5. It's hot.

2. 1. It is not stormy but foggy and rainy in Great Britain. 2. It is not cold but sunny and windy in the USA. 3. It is not snowy but warm and rainy in Australia. 4. It is not rainy but very hot and sunny in Africa. 5. It is not sunny but very cold and frosty in Antarctica.

3. 1. The weather is not warm in winter. 2. It is usually very cold. 3. It's often frosty and snowy. 4. It's usually not foggy in spring. 5. It's sometimes cloudy and rainy. 6. It is often hot and sunny in summer. 7. It is rainy and windy in autumn.

4. — It's (It is) half past seven. — Is it time to go home? — Yes, it's (it is) already late. — What day is it today? Wednesday? — No, it is not. It's Thursday. — Is it cold in winter in Scotland? — Yes, it's (it is) cold and snowy. — Is it frosty? — Yes, it is. Days are usually frosty in winter. — What is the winter like in England? — It's (It is)

fine. It's (It is) not very cold. — Is it often snowy? — It's (It is) sometimes snowy but it's (it is) never frosty.

Проверьте себя!

1. 1. Is it warm today? No, it's (it is) frosty.
 2. Is it late? No, it's (it is) not late. 3. What time is it? It's (it is) 3 p.m. now. 4. Is it foggy in summer in London? It's (It is) often foggy and rainy. 5. Is it cold in winter in Australia? No, it's (it is) not cold. It's always warm there.

Наречие

Наречия времени/частотности

1.

	0.	t	o	m	o	r	r	o	w
		1.	o	f	t	e	n		
		2.	u	s	u	a	l	l	y
		3.	t	o	d	a	y		
4.	s	o	m	e	t	i	m	e	s
		5.	s	o	o	n			
						g			

2. 1. usually 2. always 3. often 4. sometimes
 5. now 6. soon

Наречия меры и степени

1. (1) very; (2) very much; (3) very much; (4) very; (5) very little; (6) very; (7) very much; (8) very little.

2. 1. Paul is always too busy. 2. He enjoys playing tennis very much. 3. He likes sports practice very much. 4. But sometimes Paul can be very lazy. 5. He talks on the phone too much. 6. And he often talks on the Internet too.

Проверьте себя!

1.

When?	Where?	How much?
now	there	very
usually	here	much
often	near	little
sometimes		too
soon		
always		
never		
yesterday		
tomorrow		

2. 1. I usually tidy my room on Saturday. 2. My mother is very kind. 3. I like reading (*to read*) very much. 4. Sometimes we (*sometimes*) play

football in the park (*sometimes*). 5. There is a big river (there). 6. They speak English very little. 7. My friends are always at school at 10 o'clock in the morning (a.m.). 8. I have never swum with dolphins.

Предлог

Предлоги места

1. 1. near, 2. under, 3. between, 4. behind, 5. on, 6. inside, 7. in.

3. 1. —; 2. ✓; 3. —; 4. ✓; 5. ✓; 6. —; 7. ✓.

Предлоги направления (движения)

1. 1. under, 2. past, 3. along, 4. across, 5. up.

2. 1. across, 2. into, 3. over, 4. off, 5. out of, 6. through.

Предлоги времени

1.

<i>at</i>	<i>in</i>	<i>on</i>
5 o'clock	July	Wednesday
7 p.m.	2016	Easter Day
the weekend	winter	the first of January
night	the afternoon	holiday
Christmas	a few days	Sunday morning

2. 1. At; 2. on, on; 3. on; 4. In; 5. at; 6. At;
7. In, on; 8. On, at, in.

3. 1. at, in; 2. on; 3. in, in; 4. in; 5. in; 6. —;
7. on; 8. in; 9. —.

Проверьте себя!

1. 1. at; 2. On; 3. In; 4. to; 5. around; 6. Over;
7. on; 8. Between.

Словообразование

Словопроизводство

1. 1. painter, 2. writer, 3. teacher, 4. player,
5. dancer, 6. actor.

2. 1. connection — соединение, 2. collection — коллекция, 3. celebration — празднование, 4. dictation — диктовка, диктант, 5. direction — направление, дирекция, 6. congratulation — поздравление, 7. invitation — приглашение.

3. 1. cloudy, 2. windy, 3. frosty, 4. snowy, 5. rainy,
6. foggy, 7. stormy.

4. 1. переписать, to paint — красить; 2. переписать, to write — писать; 3. пересказывать, to tell — рассказывать; 4. переделывать, to do — делать; 5. заново украшать, to decorate — украшать; 6. открывать снова, to open — открывать; 7. играть повторно, to play — играть.

5.

						0.	u	n	l	u	c	k	y		
					1.	u	n	p	l	e	a	s	a	n	t
				2.	u	n	f	r	i	e	n	d	l	y	
			3.	u	n	h	a	p	p	y					
			4.	u	n	k	i	n	d						
5.	u	n	i	n	t	e	r	e	s	t	i	n	g		

6. 1. **Ответы** (существительное) моего друга были смешными. 2. Её тётя **работает** (глагол) в школе. 3. Их **работы** (существительное) были очень интересными. 4. **Улыбка** (существительное) моей мамы была грустной. 5. Мои бабушка с дедушкой всегда **улыбаются** (глагол) мне. 6. Я **убираю** (глагол) свою комнату каждый день. 7. Комната моей сестры всегда **чистая** (прилагательное).

Словосложение

1.

man	0. <i>seaman</i>	1. post	2. sports
ball	1. foot	2. basket	
book	1. note	2. text	
board	1. notice	2. cup	3. black
home	1. town	2. work	
room	1. bed	2. bath	3. class

2. 1. homework, 2. weekend, 3. bathroom, 4. football, 5. newspaper, 6. notebook, 7. classroom, 8. textbook, 9. sportsman.

Проверьте себя!

1. 1. a reporter — a report, 2. schoolchildren — school + children, 3. a blackboard — black + board, 4. lucky — luck, 5. an actor — to act, 6. to remake — to make, 7. untidy — tidy, 8. congratulation — to congratulate, 9. a newspaper — news + paper, 10. foggy — fog.

2. 1. I'm going to walk my dog. Our walk will be wonderful. 2. My friend likes his new skates very much. He skates very well. 3. I will clean my parrot's cage tomorrow. My parrot's cage will be clean. 4. I water my flower every day. The flower likes water very much.

Список неправильных глаголов (Irregular Verbs)

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	Translation
be [bi:]	was/were [wɒz/wɜ:]	been [bi:n]	быть
break [breɪk]	broke [brəʊk]	broken ['brəʊkən]	ломать
bring [brɪŋ]	brought [brɔ:t]	brought [brɔ:t]	приносить
burn [bɜ:n]	burnt [bɜ:nt]	burnt [bɜ:nt]	гореть, сгорать
buy [baɪ]	bought [bɔ:t]	bought [bɔ:t]	покупать
catch [kætʃ]	caught [kɔ:t]	caught [kɔ:t]	ловить
choose [tʃu:z]	chose [tʃəʊz]	chosen ['tʃəʊzn]	выбирать
come [kʌm]	came [keɪm]	come [kʌm]	приходить
do [du:]	did [dɪd]	done [dʌn]	делать, выполнять

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	Translation
draw [drɔ:]	drew [dru:]	drawn [drɔ:n]	рисовать
drive [draɪv]	drove [drəʊv]	driven ['drɪvɪn]	водить машину
eat [i:t]	ate [et]	eaten ['i:tn]	есть
feed [fi:d]	fed [fed]	fed [fed]	кормить
find [faɪnd]	found [faʊnd]	found [faʊnd]	находить
fly [flaɪ]	flew [flu:]	flown [fləʊn]	летать
forget [fə'get]	forgot [fə'gɒt]	forgotten [fə'gɒtn]	забывать
get [get]	got [gɒt]	got [gɒt]	получать
give [gɪv]	gave [geɪv]	given ['gɪvɪn]	давать, отдавать

go [gəʊ]	went [went]	gone [ɡɒn]	идти, ходить
grow [grəʊ]	grew [gru:]	grown [grəʊn]	расти
have [hæv]	had [hæd]	had [hæd]	иметь
hide [haɪd]	hid [hɪd]	hidden [ˈhɪdn]	прятать(ся)
keep [ki:p]	kept [kept]	kept [kept]	держать
know [nəʊ]	knew [nju:]	known [nəʊn]	знать
learn [lɜ:n]	learnt [lɜ:nt]	learnt [lɜ:nt]	учиться, учить что-либо
leave [li:v]	left [left]	left [left]	покидать, оставлять
lose [lu:z]	lost [lɒst]	lost [lɒst]	терять
make [meɪk]	made [meɪd]	made [meɪd]	делать
put [pʊt]	put [pʊt]	put [pʊt]	класть, положить

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	Translation
read [ri:d]	read [red]	read [red]	читать
ride [raɪd]	rode [rəʊd]	ridden ['rɪdn]	кататься
ring [rɪŋ]	rang [ræŋ]	rung [rʌŋ]	звонить
run [rʌn]	ran [ræn]	run [rʌn]	бегать
say [seɪ]	said [sed]	said [sed]	говорить
see [si:]	saw [sɔ:]	seen [si:n]	видеть
sing [sɪŋ]	sang [sæŋ]	sung [sʌŋ]	петь
sit [sɪt]	sat [sæt]	sat [sæt]	сидеть
sleep [sli:p]	slept [slept]	slept [slept]	спать
speak [spi:k]	spoke [spəʊk]	spoken ['spəʊkən]	говорить

spell [spel]	spelt [spelt]	spelt [spelt]	произносить по буквам
spend [spend]	spent [spent]	spent [spent]	проводить
stand [stænd]	stood [stʊd]	stood [stʊd]	стоять
sweep [swi:p]	swept [swept]	swept [swept]	мести, подметать
swim [swim]	swam [swæm]	swum [swʌm]	плавать
take [teɪk]	took [tʊk]	taken [ˈteɪkən]	брать
teach [ti:tʃ]	taught [tɔ:t]	taught [tɔ:t]	учить
tell [tel]	told [təʊld]	told [təʊld]	говорить
think [θɪŋk]	thought [θɔ:t]	thought [θɔ:t]	думать
throw [θrəʊ]	threw [θru:]	thrown [θrəʊn]	бросать
wear [weə]	wore [wɔ:]	worn [wɔ:n]	носить
write [raɪt]	wrote [rəʊt]	written [ˈrɪtn]	писать