

*Ernest*

*26*

THE  
**'ESSCOL'**  
EXERCISE BOOK

*19 - April -*  
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*1880*  
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CALCUTTA.



12 - - 4

For the purpose of the present work  
 we have chosen the following order  
 of the chapters. The first chapter  
 is devoted to the general principles  
 of the theory. The second chapter  
 is devoted to the special theory  
 of the case. The third chapter  
 is devoted to the applications  
 of the theory. The fourth chapter  
 is devoted to the numerical  
 methods. The fifth chapter  
 is devoted to the historical  
 development of the theory.

on the whole in that regard as well  
might be better to give a reasonable  
quantity of water in the winter  
and to observe the other things  
which are mentioned in the  
chapter of food.

The most important thing  
is to give the water in the winter  
to the cows.

As for the other things, we should  
follow the rules of the chapter  
of food, and we should also  
observe the things which are  
mentioned in the chapter of food.

And we should also observe  
the things which are mentioned  
in the chapter of food, and we  
should also observe the things  
which are mentioned in the chapter  
of food.

13 — 4 —

The substance of the chapter  
of food is to give the water  
in the winter to the cows,  
and to observe the other things  
which are mentioned in the  
chapter of food.

29  
As for the other things, we should  
follow the rules of the chapter  
of food, and we should also  
observe the things which are  
mentioned in the chapter of food.  
And we should also observe  
the things which are mentioned  
in the chapter of food, and we  
should also observe the things  
which are mentioned in the chapter  
of food.

The substance of the chapter  
of food is to give the water  
in the winter to the cows,  
and to observe the other things  
which are mentioned in the  
chapter of food.



oshard, as a complete example  
 of a certain type of poetry  
 which, as a rule, is not  
 found in other parts of the world

and many other things which  
 are of a kind which is not  
 found elsewhere. It is a  
 very interesting study of  
 the mind of a poet, and  
 of the way in which he  
 has used his language. It  
 is a study which is not  
 often made, and it is  
 very interesting. It is a  
 study which is not often  
 made, and it is very  
 interesting. It is a study  
 which is not often made,  
 and it is very interesting.

In the first volume of the  
 edition of the works of  
 the poet, the editor has  
 given a very interesting  
 account of the poet's life  
 and of the way in which  
 he has used his language.

which is the foundation  
 of the poetry, and  
 which is the foundation  
 of the poetry. 30

It is a study which is not  
 often made, and it is  
 very interesting. It is a  
 study which is not often  
 made, and it is very  
 interesting. It is a study  
 which is not often made,  
 and it is very interesting.

The poet's life and the  
 way in which he has used  
 his language. It is a  
 study which is not often  
 made, and it is very  
 interesting.









Wrote down several other  
specimens of the same  
character of the same  
specimens here  
Wrote down several other  
specimens of the same  
character of the same  
specimens here

For the purpose of the  
specimens of the same  
character of the same  
specimens here  
For the purpose of the  
specimens of the same  
character of the same  
specimens here

Relieve my stay of  
the contents of the  
whole summer

specimens - let the join  
the specimens of the same  
character of the same  
specimens here  
For the purpose of the  
specimens of the same  
character of the same  
specimens here

For the purpose of the  
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Handwritten notes on the left page, appearing to be a list or series of entries. The text is highly cursive and includes several lines that are crossed out with a diagonal line. Some legible words include 'Kennebec', 'Bass', 'Lumber', 'Hull', and 'Hull'. The notes seem to be related to a project or business plan, possibly involving the construction of a vessel or a similar undertaking.

Handwritten notes on the right page, continuing the text from the left page. The text is dense and cursive, with several lines that are crossed out. It appears to be a continuation of a list or a detailed account of a project, possibly related to the same subject matter as the left page. The notes include various details and possibly financial or logistical information.

The steam saw appears to  
be the best of the  
kind. The best of the kind  
to be used  
The iron ore is a good one  
and is a good one for  
the purpose.





Handwritten text at the top of the left page, possibly a title or header.

Handwritten text in the first paragraph on the left page.

Handwritten text in the second paragraph on the left page, which is crossed out with a large diagonal line.

Handwritten text on the right page, starting with a page number '43' in the top right corner. The text is written in a cursive script.





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re more that some of the more  
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for boys the others a court  
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a mother who others  
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others others of the others  
ET-14

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Handwritten text in a cursive script, likely a letter or document. The text is written on lined paper and appears to be in a historical or regional dialect.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, continuing the previous block. The handwriting is fluid and characteristic of the 18th or 19th century.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, possibly a signature or a specific section of the document.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, concluding the page. The text is dense and fills most of the remaining space.

Handwritten text at the top of the page, possibly a header or a specific address.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, continuing the previous block. The text is written on lined paper and appears to be in a historical or regional dialect.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, continuing the previous block. The handwriting is fluid and characteristic of the 18th or 19th century.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, continuing the previous block. The text is written on lined paper and appears to be in a historical or regional dialect.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, concluding the page. The text is dense and fills most of the remaining space.



For not to know a rule  
of grammar shows they  
for those parts as my father  
He also says yesterday  
dinner & mention under  
it that he says he suffers  
Rivian, which is a sign  
of a man who grows to be  
stronger as he grows  
and he says great slow  
and steady with steady flow  
and he is a little out of  
a different to that of  
copying. so now a rule  
ending  
that is a very simple but  
he says the flow is  
to be the same as the  
my father's and is very  
of the whole of the  
rule of grammar will

In the same way the  
words are arranged. After  
various experiments he  
can be agreed with in  
substance as to the end  
of the system of general grammar  
to be a system of grammar by  
and by the law of copy  
grammar are made  
that is the copy grammar  
to be a copy of the  
rule as now  
that is the copy grammar  
order in the copy grammar  
with the same as now  
grammar as now the  
copy grammar is the  
rule of grammar  
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## ARITHMETICAL TABLES.

<p><b>STERLING MONEY TABLE.</b> (BRITISH)</p> <p>4 Farthings . . . = 1 Penny (<i>d.</i>)          12 Pence . . . . = 1 Shilling (<i>s.</i>)          20 Shillings . . . = 1 Pound (<i>£.</i>)          or one Sovereign.          2 Shillings . . . = 1 Florin.          2 Shillings and six pence = 1 Half Crown.          10 Shillings . . . = 1 Half Sovereign.</p>	<p><b>LENGTH.</b></p> <p>12 Inches (<i>in.</i>) = 1 Foot (<i>ft.</i>)          3 Feet . . . . = 1 Yard (<i>yd.</i>)          5½ Yards = { 1 Pole (<i>pl.</i>)          Rod, or Perch.          40 Poles } = 1 Furlong (<i>fur.</i>)          220 Yards }          8 Furlongs } = 1 Mile (<i>ml.</i>)          1760 Yards . . . }          22 Yards . . . = 1 Chain (<i>ch.</i>)          10 Chains . . . = 1 Furlong.          80 Chains . . . = 1 Mile.          3 Miles . . . . = 1 League (<i>lg.</i>)</p>	<p><b>AVOIRDUPOIS WEIGHT.</b></p> <p>16 Drams (<i>dr.</i>) = 1 Ounce (<i>oz.</i>)          16 Ounces . . . = 1 Pound (<i>lb.</i>)          14 Pounds . . . = 1 Stone (<i>st.</i>)          2 Stones } = 1 Quarter (<i>qr.</i>)          28 Pounds }          4 Quarters } = 1 Hundred-          112 Pounds } weight (<i>cwt.</i>)          20 Cwts. } = 1 Ton (<i>tn.</i>)          2240 Pounds }</p>	
<p><b>INDIAN MONEY TABLE.</b></p> <p>3 Pies . . . . = 1 Pice.          12 Pies . . . . = 1 Anna.          16 Annas . . . = 1 Rupee.</p>	<p><b>AREA.</b></p> <p>144 Square Inches = 1 Sq. Ft.          9 Square Feet = 1 Square Yard.          30¼ Square Yards = 1 Sq. Pole.          40 Sq. Poles } = 1 Rood (<i>ro.</i>)          1210 Sq. Yards }          4 Roods } = 1 Acre (<i>ac.</i>)          4840 Sq. Yards }          640 Acres = 1 Sq. Mile (<i>sq. mi.</i>)</p>	<p><b>CAPACITY.</b></p> <p>4 Gills (<i>gl.</i>) . . . = 1 Pint (<i>pt.</i>)          2 Pints . . . . = 1 Quart (<i>qt.</i>)          4 Quarts . . . . = 1 Gallon (<i>gal.</i>)          2 Gallons . . . = 1 Peck (<i>pk.</i>)          4 Pecks . . . . = 1 Bushel (<i>bush.</i>)          8 Bushels = 1 Quarter (<i>qr.</i>)</p>	
<p><b>CEYLON MONEY TABLE.</b></p> <p>100 Cents . . . . = 1 Rupee.          1 Anna . . . . = One Penny.          12 Annas . . . . = One Shilling.          1 Rupee . . . = One Shilling &amp; 6 Pence.          13½ Rupees . = One Pound Sterling.          25 Cents (Ceylon) . = 4 Annas.</p>	<p><b>CUBIC MEASURE.</b></p> <p>1728 Cubic Inches = 1 Cubic Foot.          27 Cubic Feet . = 1 Cubic Yard.</p>	<p><b>TROY WEIGHT.</b></p> <p>24 Grains . . = 1 Penny weight (<i>dwt.</i>)          20 Dwts. . . = 1 Ounce (<i>oz.</i>)          12 Ounces . = 1 Pound (<i>lb.</i>)</p>	
<p><b>METRIC SYSTEM.</b></p> <p><b>LENGTH.</b></p> <p>10 Millimetres . . = 1 Centimetre.          10 Centimetres . . = 1 Decimetre.          10 Decimetres . . = 1 Metre.          1000 Metres . . . = 1 Kilometre.</p> <p><b>AREA.</b></p> <p>10 Centiares . . . = 1 Deciare.          10 Deciares . . . = 1 Are.          100 Ares . . . . = 1 Hectare.</p> <p><b>CAPACITY.</b></p> <p>10 Centilitres . . = 1 Decilitre.          10 Decilitres . . = 1 Litre.          1000 Litres . . . = 1 Kilolitre.</p> <p><b>WEIGHT.</b></p> <p>10 Milligrams . . = 1 Centigram.          10 Centigrams . . = 1 Decigram.          10 Decigrams . . = 1 Gram.          1000 Grams . . . = 1 Kilogram.</p>	<p><b>INDIAN WEIGHTS.</b></p> <p>80 Tolas = 1 Seer.          40 Seers = 1 Maund.          One Rupee weighs . . . . . One Tola.          One Maund equals . . 100 lbs. Troy.</p> <p>One Hath equals . . . . . 18 Inches          One Chatak equals . . 5 Square Yards          1 Metre equals . . . . . 39.37 Inches          1 Cubic Metre equals 35.317 Cubic ft.          1 Litre equals . . 61.027 Cubic Inches          1 Gram equals . . . 15.43234 Grains          1 Are equals . . . 119.6 Square Yards</p>	<p><b>TABLE OF TIME.</b></p> <p>60 Seconds . . . = 1 Minute.          60 Minutes . . . = 1 Hour.          24 Hours . . . = 1 Day.          7 Days . . . . = 1 Week.          4 Weeks . . . . = 1 Month.          365 Days . . . . = 1 Year.          366 Days . . . . = 1 Leap Year.          52 Weeks . . . . = 1 Year.          12 Calendar or          13 Lunar Months = 1 Year.</p>	
			<p><b>DAYS IN THE MONTHS.</b></p> <p>Thirty days hath September,          April, June, and November,          All the rest have thirty-one,          Excepting February alone          Which has but twenty-eight days          clear.          And twenty-nine in each leap year.</p>

### MULTIPLICATION TABLE.

2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
TIMES	TIMES	TIMES	TIMES	TIMES	TIMES	TIMES	TIMES	TIMES	TIMES	TIMES
1 are 2	1 are 3	1 are 4	1 are 5	1 are 6	1 are 7	1 are 8	1 are 9	1 are 10	1 are 11	1 are 12
2 — 4	2 — 6	2 — 8	2 — 10	2 — 12	2 — 14	2 — 16	2 — 18	2 — 20	2 — 22	2 — 24
3 — 6	3 — 9	3 — 12	3 — 15	3 — 18	3 — 21	3 — 24	3 — 27	3 — 30	3 — 33	3 — 36
4 — 8	4 — 12	4 — 16	4 — 20	4 — 24	4 — 28	4 — 32	4 — 36	4 — 40	4 — 44	4 — 48
5 — 10	5 — 15	5 — 20	5 — 25	5 — 30	5 — 35	5 — 40	5 — 45	5 — 50	5 — 55	5 — 60
6 — 12	6 — 18	6 — 24	6 — 30	6 — 36	6 — 42	6 — 48	6 — 54	6 — 60	6 — 66	6 — 72
7 — 14	7 — 21	7 — 28	7 — 35	7 — 42	7 — 49	7 — 56	7 — 63	7 — 70	7 — 77	7 — 84
8 — 16	8 — 24	8 — 32	8 — 40	8 — 48	8 — 56	8 — 64	8 — 72	8 — 80	8 — 88	8 — 96
9 — 18	9 — 27	9 — 36	9 — 45	9 — 54	9 — 63	9 — 72	9 — 81	9 — 90	9 — 99	9 — 108
10 — 20	10 — 30	10 — 40	10 — 50	10 — 60	10 — 70	10 — 80	10 — 90	10 — 100	10 — 110	10 — 120
11 — 22	11 — 33	11 — 44	11 — 55	11 — 66	11 — 77	11 — 88	11 — 99	11 — 110	11 — 121	11 — 132
12 — 24	12 — 36	12 — 48	12 — 60	12 — 72	12 — 84	12 — 96	12 — 108	12 — 120	12 — 132	12 — 144

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